CODE OF ORDINANCES

1.01 Title	1.08 Amendments	
1.02 Definitions	1.09 Catch-lines and Notes	
1.03 City Powers	1.10 Altering Code	
1.04 Indemnity	1.11 Severability	
1.05 Personal Injuries	1.12 Warrants	
1.06 Rules of Construction	1.13 General Standards for Action	
1.07 Extension of Authority	1.14 Standard Penalty	

- **1.01 TITLE.** This code of ordinances shall be known and may be cited as the Code of Ordinances of the City of Bondurant, Iowa, 2002.
- **1.02 DEFINITIONS.** Where words and phrases used in this Code of Ordinances are defined in the Code of Iowa, such definitions apply to their use in this Code of Ordinances unless such construction would be inconsistent with the manifest intent of the Council or repugnant to the context of the provision. Other words and phrases used herein have the following meanings, unless specifically defined otherwise in another portion of this Code of Ordinances or unless such construction would be inconsistent with the manifest intent of the Council or repugnant to the context of the provision:
- 1. "Alley" means a public right-of-way, other than a street, affording secondary means of access to abutting property.
- 2. "City" means the City of Bondurant, Iowa.
- 3. "City Administrator" means the City Administrator of Bondurant, Iowa.
- 4. "Code" means the specific chapter of this Code of Ordinances in which a specific subject is covered and bears a descriptive title word (such as the Building Code and/or a standard code adopted by reference).
- 5. "Code of Ordinances" means the Code of Ordinances of the City of Bondurant, Iowa, 2002.
- 6. "Council" means the city council of Bondurant, Iowa.
- 7. "County" means Polk County, Iowa.
- 8. "May" confers a power.

- 9. "Measure" means an ordinance, amendment, resolution or motion.
- 10. "Must" states a requirement.
- 11. "Occupant" or "tenant," applied to a building or land, includes any person who occupies the whole or a part of such building or land, whether alone or with others.
- 12. "Ordinances" means the ordinances of the City of Bondurant, Iowa, as embodied in this Code of Ordinances, ordinances not repealed by the ordinance adopting this Code of Ordinances, and those enacted hereafter.
- 13. "Person" means an individual, firm, partnership, domestic or foreign corporation, company, association or joint stock association, trust, or other legal entity, and includes a trustee, receiver, assignee, or similar representative thereof, but does not include a governmental body.
- 14. "Public way" includes any street, alley, boulevard, parkway, highway, sidewalk, or other public thoroughfare.
- 15. "Shall" imposes a duty.
- 16. "Sidewalk" means that surfaced portion of the street between the edge of the traveled way, surfacing, or curb line and the adjacent property line, intended for the use of pedestrians.
- 17. "State" means the State of Iowa.
- 18. "Statutes" or "laws" means the latest edition of the Code of Iowa, as amended.
- 19. "Street" or "highway" means the entire width between property lines of every way or place of whatever nature when any part thereof is open to the use of the public, as a matter of right, for purposes of vehicular traffic.

Words that are not defined in this Code of Ordinances or by the Code of Iowa have their ordinary meaning unless such construction would be inconsistent with the manifest intent of the Council, or repugnant to the context of the provision.

1.03 CITY POWERS. The City may, except as expressly limited by the Iowa Constitution, and if not inconsistent with the laws of the Iowa General Assembly, exercise any power and perform any function it deems appropriate to protect and preserve the rights, privileges and property of the City and of its residents, and preserve and improve the peace, safety, health, welfare, comfort and convenience of its residents and each and every provision of this Code of Ordinances shall be deemed to be in the exercise of the foregoing powers and the performance of the foregoing functions.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.1)

- **1.04 INDEMNITY.** The applicant for any permit or license under this Code of Ordinances, by making such application, assumes and agrees to pay for all injury to or death of any person or persons whomsoever, and all loss of or damage to property whatsoever, including all costs and expenses incident thereto, however arising from or related to, directly, indirectly or remotely, the issuance of the permit or license, or the doing of anything thereunder, or the failure of such applicant, or the agents, employees or servants of such applicant, to abide by or comply with any of the provisions of this Code of Ordinances or the terms and conditions of such permit or license, and such applicant, by making such application, forever agrees to indemnify the City and its officers, agents and employees, and agrees to save them harmless from any and all claims, demands, lawsuits or liability whatsoever for any loss, damage, injury or death, including all costs and expenses incident thereto, by reason of the foregoing. The provisions of this section shall be deemed to be a part of any permit or license issued under this Code of Ordinances or any other ordinance of the City whether expressly recited therein or not.
- 1.05 PERSONAL INJURIES. When action is brought against the City for personal injuries alleged to have been caused by its negligence, the City may notify in writing any person by whose negligence it claims the injury was caused. The notice shall state the pendency of the action, the name of the plaintiff, the name and location of the court where the action is pending, a brief statement of the alleged facts from which the cause arose, that the City believes that the person notified is liable to it for any judgment rendered against the City, and asking the person to appear and defend. A judgment obtained in the suit is conclusive in any action by the City against any person so notified, as to the existence of the defect or other cause of the injury or damage, as to the liability of the City to the plaintiff in the first named action, and as to the amount of the damage or injury. The City may maintain an action against the person notified to recover the amount of the judgment together with all the expenses incurred by the City in the suit.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.14)

- **1.06 RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.** In the construction of this Code of Ordinances, the rules of statutory construction as set forth in Chapter 4 of the Code of Iowa shall be utilized to ascertain the intent of the Council with the understanding that the term "statute" as used therein will be deemed to be synonymous with the term "ordinance" when applied to this Code of Ordinances.
- **1.07 EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY.** Whenever an officer or employee is required or authorized to do an act by a provision of this Code of Ordinances, the provision shall be construed as authorizing performance by a regular assistant, subordinate or a duly authorized designee of said officer or employee.

1.08 AMENDMENTS. All ordinances which amend, repeal or in any manner affect this Code of Ordinances shall include proper reference to chapter, section, subsection or paragraph to maintain an orderly codification of ordinances of the City.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.2)

- **1.09 CATCHLINES AND NOTES.** The catchlines of the several sections of the Code of Ordinances, titles, headings (chapter, section and subsection), editor's notes, cross references and State law references, unless set out in the body of the section itself, contained in the Code of Ordinances, do not constitute any part of the law, and are intended merely to indicate, explain, supplement or clarify the contents of a section.
- **1.10 ALTERING CODE.** It is unlawful for any unauthorized person to change or amend by additions or deletions, any part or portion of the Code of Ordinances, or to insert or delete pages, or portions thereof, or to alter or tamper with the Code of Ordinances in any manner whatsoever which will cause the law of the City to be misrepresented thereby.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 718.5)

- **1.11 SEVERABILITY.** If any section, provision or part of the Code of Ordinances is adjudged invalid or unconstitutional, such adjudication will not affect the validity of the Code of Ordinances as a whole or any section, provision or part thereof not adjudged invalid or unconstitutional.
- **1.12 WARRANTS.** If consent to enter upon or inspect any building, structure or property pursuant to a municipal ordinance is withheld by any person having the lawful right to exclude, the City officer or employee having the duty to enter upon or conduct the inspection may apply to the Iowa District Court in and for the County, pursuant to Section 808.14 of the Code of Iowa, for an administrative search warrant. No owner, operator or occupant or any other person having charge, care or control of any dwelling unit, rooming unit, structure, building or premises shall fail or neglect, after presentation of a search warrant, to permit entry therein by the municipal officer or employee.
- 1.13 GENERAL STANDARDS FOR ACTION. Whenever this Code of Ordinances grants any discretionary power to the Council or any commission, board or officer or employee of the City and does not specify standards to govern the exercise of the power, the power shall be exercised in light of the following standard: The discretionary power to grant, deny or revoke any matter shall be considered in light of the facts and circumstances then existing and as may be reasonably foreseeable, and due consideration shall be given to the impact upon the public health, safety and welfare, and the decision shall be that of a reasonably prudent person under similar circumstances in the exercise of the police power.

1.14 STANDARD PENALTY.

- 1. Whenever in this Code or in any city ordinance any act is prohibited or is made or declared to be unlawful or an offense or whenever in this Code or in any city ordinance the doing of any act is required or the failure to do any act is declared to be unlawful, if the act is not declared to be a misdemeanor or a municipal infraction and if no specific penalty is provided therefore, the violation of any such provision shall be deemed to be a misdemeanor punishable by a fine not exceeding \$750.00 or by imprisonment not exceeding 30 days.
- 2. Whenever in this Code or in any city ordinance any act is prohibited and is declared to be a misdemeanor or whenever in this Code or in any city ordinance the doing of any act is required and the failure to do that act is declared to be a misdemeanor, the violation of any such provision shall be punishable by a fine not exceeding \$750.00 or by imprisonment not exceeding 30 days.
- 3. Whenever in this Code or in any city ordinance any act is prohibited and is declared to be a municipal infraction or whenever in this Code or in any city ordinance the doing of any act is required and the failure to do that act is declared to be a municipal infraction, the violation of any such provision shall be punishable by a civil penalty of not more than \$750.00 for each violation or, if the infraction is a repeat offense, by a civil penalty of not more than \$1000.00 for each repeat offense. However, a municipal infraction which is classified as an environmental violation or which arises from noncompliance with a pretreatment standard or requirement, referred to in 40 CFR 403.8, by an industrial user may be punishable by a civil penalty of not more than \$1,000.00 for each day a violation exists or continues. Each day a violation of a provision of this Code or of a city ordinance continues shall be considered a separate municipal infraction.
- 4. In addition to seeking the imposition of a civil penalty as provided in this section, the city attorney may seek all other appropriate remedies allowed by law in regard to the abatement, correction, or discontinuance of activities, which constitute municipal infractions including costs and attorney fees.
- 5. Municipal infractions may be initially brought upon simple notice and if the person charged admits the violation, upon payment of the penalty to the city treasurer and the performance of any other act required by law to be performed, such person shall not be further prosecuted or assessed any costs or other expenses for such violation, and the city shall retain all penalties thus collected. Where a municipal infraction is not admitted upon simple notice by the person charged or where the person charged fails to perform any other act required to be performed, or both, an action seeking a penalty shall be brought in the state district court. Any action seeking a penalty for a municipal infraction, with or without additional relief, may be initially brought in the state district court. This section does not impose a duty to initially charge all municipal infractions upon simple notice.
- 6. Notwithstanding subsections (c) and (d) of this section, a municipal infraction will not be initiated for any infraction classified as an environmental infraction and referred to in I.C. ch.

455B until an offer is made to participate in informal negotiations with the person. If the person accepts the offer, the city and the person shall participate in good faith negotiations to resolve issues alleged to be the basis for the violation, a municipal infraction may be initiated against the person.

(Ordinance No. 03-229) (Ordinance No. 06-214) (Ordinance No. 09-202)

1.15 NON-PAYMENT OF FEES, FINES OR JUDGMENTS.

- 1. For any outstanding amounts due the City, prior to commencing a lawsuit or sending the amounts to the State Offset Program, the City shall: (A) send a final notice stating that, unless the amounts are paid in full within thirty (30) days, or the City Clerk receives a request for hearing, a lawsuit shall be commenced or the amount will be sent to the State Offset Program; (B) if the amount is unpaid after thirty (30) days and no request for hearing is received, the City shall have the option to commence a lawsuit or send the amount to the State Offset Program; (C) if the City Clerk receives a request for hearing, a hearing will be held at a City Council meeting with the Council voting to uphold, reduce, or eliminate the amount owed; and (D) if any amounts still owing remain unpaid more than thirty (30) days after the Council's decision, the City shall have the option to commence a lawsuit or send the amounts to the State Offset Program.
- 2. Prior to the issuance of a license or permit by the City, the City Clerk shall make a diligent search of City records to determine if the applicant owes any fines or fees to the City or has an unsatisfied judgment in favor of the City. If there are fines or fees due and owing, such fines or fees, or both, shall be paid in full, prior to the issuance of a license or permit. If the applicant has an unsatisfied judgment in favor of the City, that judgment must be satisfied with evidence of such presented to the City Clerk, prior to the issuance of the license or permit.

(Ordinance No. 09-206) (Ordinance No. 240116-203)

CHARTER

2.01 Title	2.04 Number and Term of Council	
2.02 Form of Government	2.05 Term of Mayor	
2.03 Powers and Duties	2.06 Copies on File	

- **2.01 TITLE.** This chapter may be cited as the charter of the City of Bondurant, Iowa.
- **2.02 FORM OF GOVERNMENT.** The form of government of the City is the Mayor-Council form of government.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.4)

- **2.03 POWERS AND DUTIES.** The Council and Mayor and other City officers have such powers and shall perform such duties as are authorized or required by State law and by the ordinances, resolutions, rules and regulations of the City.
- **2.04 NUMBER AND TERM OF COUNCIL.** The Council consists of five (5) Council Members elected at large for overlapping terms of four (4) years.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 376.2)

2.05 TERM OF MAYOR. The Mayor is elected for a term of four (4) years.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 376.2)

2.06 COPIES ON FILE. The City Administrator shall keep an official copy of the charter on file with the official records of the City Administrator and the Secretary of State, and shall keep copies of the charter available at the City Administrator's office for public inspection.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.1)

MUNICIPAL BOUNDARIES AND PRECINCTS

3.01 Corporate Limits	3.03 Precinct Boundaries
3.02 Election Precincts	

3.01 CORPORATE LIMITS. The corporate limits map and specific description shall be and remain on file in office of the City Clerk.

(Ordinance No. 04-205) (Ordinance No. 11-208)

- **3.02 ELECTION PRECINCTS.** The following election precincts are hereby established for all national, state, and local elections:
- A. Precinct 1. A map of the specific boundaries of precinct one shall be and remain on file in the office of the City Clerk.
- B. Precinct 2. A map of the specific boundaries of Precinct 2 shall be and remain on file in office of the City Clerk.
- C. Precinct 3. A map of the specific boundaries of Precinct 3 shall be and remain on file in the office of the City Clerk.

(Ordinance No. 11-208) (Ordinance No. 211220-219

- **3.03 PRECINCT BOUNDARIES.** The boundary line listed in Section 3.02 are described as follows:
- A. Precinct 1. Within the corporate limits of the City of Bondurant north of 2nd Street NE/NW AND the area west of Grant Street North known as Bondurant-1 Douglas Twp Blocks 1074 and 3000 AND the area south of 2nd Street NW known as Bondurant-1 Douglas Twp Blocks 3028 AND the area east of Hubbell Avenue/U.S. Highway 65 known as Bondurant-1 Franklin Twp Block 1106.
- B. Precinct 2. Within the corporate limits of the City of Bondurant south of 2nd Street NE/NW and north of Hubbell Avenue/U.S. Highway 65 LESS the area south of 15th Street SW south of Census Block 1054 AND less the area north of Hubbell Avenue/U.S. Highway 65 and south of NE 62nd Avenue.

C. Precinct 3. Within the corporate limits of the City of Bondurant south of Hubbell Avenue/U.S. Highway 65 AND the are north of Hubbell Avenue/U.S. Highway 65 south of NE 62nd Avenue.

(Ordinance No. 211220-219

MUNICIPAL INFRACTIONS

4.01 Municipal Infraction	4.04 Civil Citations	
4.02 Environmental Violation	4.05 Alternative Relief	
4.03 Penalties	4.06 Criminal Penalties	

4.01 MUNICIPAL INFRACTION. A violation of this Code of Ordinances or any ordinance or code herein adopted by reference or the omission or failure to perform any act or duty required by the same, with the exception of those provisions specifically provided under State law as a felony, an aggravated misdemeanor, or a serious misdemeanor, or a simple misdemeanor under Chapters 687 through 747 of the Code of Iowa, is a municipal infraction punishable by civil penalty as provided herein.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.22[3])

4.02 ENVIRONMENTAL VIOLATION. A municipal infraction which is a violation of Chapter 455B of the Code of Iowa or of a standard established by the City in consultation with the Department of Natural Resources, or both, may be classified as an environmental violation. However, the provisions of this section shall not be applicable until the City has offered to participate in informal negotiations regarding the violation or to the following specific violations:

- 1. A violation arising from noncompliance with a pretreatment standard or requirement referred to in 40 C.F.R. §403.8.
- 2. The discharge of airborne residue from grain, created by the handling, drying or storing of grain, by a person not engaged in the industrial production or manufacturing of grain products.
- 3. The discharge of airborne residue from grain, created by the handling, drying or storing of grain, by a person engaged in such industrial production or manufacturing if such discharge occurs from September 15 to January 15.
- **4.03 PENALTIES.** A municipal infraction is punishable by the following civil penalties:

- 1. Standard Civil Penalties.
- A. First Offense Not to exceed \$750.00

B. Each Repeat Offense - Not to exceed \$1,000.00

(Ordinance No. 03-218)

Each day that a violation occurs or is permitted to exist constitutes a repeat offense.

- 2. Special Civil Penalties.
- A. A municipal infraction arising from noncompliance with a pretreatment standard or requirement, referred to in 40 C.F.R. §403.8, by an industrial user is punishable by a penalty of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) for each day a violation exists or continues.
- B. A municipal infraction classified as an environmental violation is punishable by a penalty of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) for each occurrence. However, an environmental violation is not subject to such penalty if all of the following conditions are satisfied:
- (1) The violation results solely from conducting an initial startup, cleaning, repairing, performing scheduled maintenance, testing, or conducting a shutdown of either equipment causing the violation or the equipment designed to reduce or eliminate the violation.
- (2) The City is notified of the violation within twenty-four (24) hours from the time that the violation begins.
- (3) The violation does not continue in existence for more than eight (8) hours.
- **4.04 CIVIL CITATIONS.** Any officer authorized by the City to enforce this Code of Ordinances may issue a civil citation to a person who commits a municipal infraction. The citation may be served by personal service as provided in Rule of Civil Procedure 1.305, by certified mail addressed to the defendant at defendant's last known mailing address, return receipt requested, or by publication in the manner as provided in Rule of Civil Procedure 1.310 and subject to the conditions of Rule of Civil Procedure 1.311. A copy of the citation shall be retained by the issuing officer, and one copy shall be sent to the Clerk of the District Court. The citation shall serve as notification that a civil offense has been committed and shall contain the following information:

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.22 [4]) (Ordinance No. 14-204)

- 1. The name and address of the defendant.
- 2. The name or description of the infraction attested to by the officer issuing the citation.
- 3. The location and time of the infraction.
- 4. The amount of civil penalty to be assessed or the alternative relief sought, or both.

- 5. The manner, location, and time in which the penalty may be paid.
- 6. The time and place of court appearance.
- 7. The penalty for failure to appear in court.
- **4.05 ALTERNATIVE RELIEF.** Seeking a civil penalty as authorized in this chapter does not preclude the City from seeking alternative relief from the court in the same action. Such alternative relief may include, but is not limited to, an order for abatement or injunctive relief.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.22 [8])

4.06 CRIMINAL PENALTIES. This chapter does not preclude a peace officer from issuing a criminal citation for a violation of this Code of Ordinances or regulation if criminal penalties are also provided for the violation. Nor does it preclude or limit the authority of the City to enforce the provisions of this Code of Ordinances by criminal sanctions or other lawful means.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.22[11])

OPERATING PROCEDURES

5.01 Oaths	5.07 Conflict of Interest	
5.02 Bonds	5.08 Resignations	
5.03 Duties: General	5.09 Removal of Appointed Officers and Employees	
5.04 Books and Records	5.10 Vacancies	
5.05 Transfer to Successor	5.11 Gifts	
5.06 Meetings		

- **5.01 OATHS.** The oath of office shall be required and administered in accordance with the following:
- 1. Qualify for Office. Each elected or appointed officer shall qualify for office by taking the prescribed oath and by giving, when required, a bond. The oath shall be taken, and bond provided, after being certified as elected but not later than noon of the first day, which is not a Sunday or a legal holiday in January of the first year of the term for which the officer was elected.

2. Prescribed Oath. The prescribed oath is: "I, (name), do solemnly swear that I will support the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of Iowa, and that I will faithfully and impartially, to the best of my ability, discharge all duties of the office of (name of office) in Bondurant as now or hereafter required by law."

- 3. Officers Empowered to Administer Oaths. The following are empowered to administer oaths and to take affirmations in any matter pertaining to the business of their respective office:
- A. Mayor
- B. City Administrator
- C. Members of all boards, commissions or bodies created by law

5.02 BONDS. Surety bonds are provided in accordance with the following:

1. Required. The Council shall provide by resolution for a surety bond or blanket position bond running to the City and covering the Mayor, City Administrator, Treasurer and such other officers and employees as may be necessary and advisable.

2. Bonds Approved. Bonds shall be approved by the Council.

3. Bonds Filed. All bonds, after approval and proper record, shall be filed with the City Administrator.

4. Record. The City Administrator shall keep a book, to be known as the "Record of Official Bonds" in which shall be recorded the official bonds of all City officers, elective or appointive.

5.03 DUTIES: GENERAL. Each municipal officer shall exercise the powers and perform the duties prescribed by law and this Code of Ordinances, or as otherwise directed by the Council unless contrary to State law or City charter.

5.04 BOOKS AND RECORDS. All books and records required to be kept by law or ordinance shall be open to examination by the public upon request, unless some other provisions of law expressly limit such right or require such records to be kept confidential. Access to public records which are combined with data processing software shall be in accordance with policies and procedures established by the City.

5.05 TRANSFER TO SUCCESSOR. Each officer shall transfer to his or her successor in office all books, papers, records, documents and property in the officer's custody and appertaining to that office.

5.06 MEETINGS. All meetings of the Council, any board or commission, or any multimembered body formally and directly created by any of the foregoing bodies shall be held in accordance with the following:

1. Notice of Meetings. Reasonable notice, as defined by State law, of the time, date and place of each meeting, and its tentative agenda shall be given.

2. Meetings Open. All meetings shall be held in open session unless closed sessions are held as expressly permitted by State law.

3. Minutes. Minutes shall be kept of all meetings showing the date, time and place, the members present, and the action taken at each meeting. The minutes shall show the results of each vote taken and information sufficient to indicate the vote of each member present. The vote of each member present shall be made public at the open session. The minutes shall be public records open to public inspection.

4. Closed Session. A closed session may be held only by affirmative vote of either twothirds of the body or all of the members present at the meeting and in accordance with Chapter 21 of the Code of Iowa.

5. Cameras and Recorders. The public may use cameras or recording devices at any open session.

6. Electronic Meetings. A meeting may be conducted by electronic means only in circumstances where such a meeting in person is impossible or impractical and then only in compliance with the provisions of Chapter 21 of the Code of Iowa.

5.07 CONFLICT OF INTEREST. A City officer or employee shall not have an interest, direct or indirect, in any contract or job of work or material or the profits thereof or services to be furnished or performed for the City, unless expressly permitted by law. A contract entered into in violation of this section is void. The provisions of this section do not apply to:

1. Compensation of Officers. The payment of lawful compensation of a City officer or employee holding more than one City office or position, the holding of which is not incompatible with another public office or is not prohibited by law.

2. Investment of Funds. The designation of a bank or trust company as a depository, paying agent, or for investment of funds.

3. City Treasurer. An employee of a bank or trust company, who serves as Treasurer of the City.

4. Stock Interests. Contracts in which a City officer or employee has an interest solely by reason of employment, or a stock interest of the kind described in subsection 8 of this section, or both, if the contract is for professional services not customarily awarded by competitive bid, if the remuneration of employment will not be directly affected as a result of the contract, and if the duties of employment do not directly involve the procurement or preparation of any part of the contract.

5. Newspaper. The designation of an official newspaper.

6. Existing Contracts. A contract in which a City officer or employee has an interest if the contract was made before the time the officer or employee was elected or appointed, but the contract may not be renewed.

7. Volunteers. Contracts with volunteer fire fighters or civil defense volunteers.

8. Corporations. A contract with a corporation in which a City officer or employee has an interest by reason of stock holdings when less than five percent (5%) of the outstanding stock of the corporation is owned or controlled directly or indirectly by the officer or employee or the spouse or immediate family of such officer or employee.

9. Contracts. Contracts made by the City upon competitive bid in writing, publicly invited and opened.

10. Cumulative Purchases. Contracts not otherwise permitted by this section, for the purchase of goods or services which benefit a City officer or employee, if the purchases benefiting that officer or employee do not exceed a cumulative total purchase price of twenty-five hundred dollars (\$2500.00) in a fiscal year.

11. Franchise Agreements. Franchise agreements between the City and a utility and contracts entered into by the City for the provision of essential City utility services.

12. Contracts. A contract that is a bond, note or part of this Ordinance shall be adjudged invalid or unconstitutional, such adjudication shall not affect the validity of the Ordinance as a whole or any Section, provision, or part thereof not adjudged invalid or unconstitutional.

(*Ordinance No. 03-216*)

5.08 RESIGNATIONS. An elected officer who wishes to resign may do so by submitting a resignation in writing to the Mayor, for consideration, and forwarded to the City Administrator so that it shall be properly recorded. A person who resigns from an elective office is not eligible for appointment to the same office during the time for which the person was elected, if during that time the compensation of the office has been increased.

5.09 REMOVAL OF APPOINTED OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES. Except as otherwise provided by State or City law, all persons appointed to City office or employment may be removed by the officer or body making the appointment, but every such removal shall be by written order. The order shall give the reasons, be filed in the office of the City Administrator, and a copy shall be sent by certified mail to the person removed, who, upon request filed with the City Administrator within thirty (30) days after the date of mailing the copy, shall be granted a public hearing before the Council on all issues connected with the removal. The hearing shall be held within thirty (30) days after the date the request is filed, unless the person removed requests a later date.

5.10 VACANCIES. A vacancy in an elective City office during a term of office shall be filled, at the Council's option, by one of the two following procedures:

1. Appointment. By appointment following public notice by the remaining members of the Council within sixty (60) days after the vacancy occurs, except that if the remaining

members do not constitute a quorum of the full membership, or if a petition is filed requesting an election, the Council shall call a special election as provided by law.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13 [2a]) *(Ordinance 15-204)*

2. Election. By a special election held to fill the office for the remaining balance of the unexpired term as provided by law.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13 [2b]) *(Ordinance 15-204)*

5.11 GIFTS. Except as otherwise provided in Chapter 68B of the Code of Iowa, a public official, public employee or candidate, or that person's immediate family member, shall not, directly or indirectly, accept or receive any gift or series of gifts from a "restricted donor" as defined in Chapter 68B and a restricted donor shall not, directly or indirectly, individually or jointly with one or more other restricted donors, offer or make a gift or a series of gifts to a public official, public employee or candidate.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 68B.22)

5.12 MINIMUM WAGE. The purpose and intent of this ordinance is for the City of Bondurant to reaffirm the minimum wage requirements as set forth in Chapter 91D of the 2015 Code of Iowa. Polk County Ordinance 317, entitled Polk County Ordinance Minimum Wage Ordinance, adopted by the Polk County Board of Supervisors on or about the 11th day of October, 2016 is herby rejected, The City of Bondurant's adoption of the minimum wage ordinance requirements set forth in Iowa Code 91D conflicts with the Polk County Minimum Wage Ordinance, thereby allowing the City to not be subject to the provisions contained in Polk County Ordinance No. 317.

(Ordinance No. 17-201)

CITY ELECTIONS

6.01 Nominating Method to be Used	6.04 Date of Primary	
6.02 Candidacy	6.05 Qualification	
6.03 Primary Election Required	6.06 Candidates Elected	

6.01 NOMINATING METHOD TO BE USED. All candidates for elective municipal offices shall be nominated under the provisions of Chapter 376 of the Code of Iowa.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 376.3)

6.02 CANDIDACY. An eligible elector of the City may become a candidate for an elective City office by filing with the City Administrator a valid petition requesting that the elector's name be placed on the ballot for that office. The petition must be filed not more than seventy-one (71) days or less than forty-seven (47) days before the date of the election and must be signed by eligible electors equal in number to at least two percent (2%) of those who voted to fill the same office at the last regular City election, but not less than ten (10) persons.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 376.4)

6.03 PRIMARY ELECTION REQUIRED. An individual for whom a valid petition is filed becomes a candidate in the regular City election for the office for which the individual has filed, except that a primary election must be held for offices for which the number of individuals for whom valid petitions are filed is more than twice the number of positions to be filled.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 376.6)

6.04 DATE OF PRIMARY. If a primary election is necessary, it shall be held on the Tuesday four (4) weeks before the date of the regular City election.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 376.7)

6.05 QUALIFICATION. The names of whose candidates who receive the highest number of votes for each office on the primary election ballot, to the extent of twice the number of unfilled positions, must be placed on the ballot for the regular City election as candidates for that office.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 376.7)

6.06 CANDIDATES ELECTED. In a regular City election following a City primary, the candidates receiving the greatest number of votes cast for each office on the ballot are elected, to the extent necessary to fill the positions open. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 376.8)

URBAN RENEWAL

EDITOR'S NOTE

The following ordinances not codified herein, and specifically saved from repeal, have been adopted establishing Urban Renewal Areas in the City and remain in full force and effect.

ORDINANCE NO.	ADOPTED	NAME OF AREA
201	June 20, 1988	Bondurant Urban Renewal Area
91-20	August 5, 1991	1991 Addition to B. U. R. A.
98-214	November 2, 1998	1998 Addition to B. U. R. A.
01-202	March 5, 2001	2001 Addition to B. U. R. A.

URBAN REVITALIZATION

8.01 DESIGNATION OF REVITALIZATION AREAS. In accordance with Chapter 404 of the Code of Iowa, the entire area within the corporate boundaries of the City is designated as an Urban Revitalization Area. The Urban Revitalization Plan for the City, on file in the office of the City Administrator, is declared to be the Urban Revitalization Plan for the area.